

LAND-ATMOSPHERE FLUX FEEDBACKS TO THE **DROUGHT 2018 AS OBSERVED AT EC SITES**

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TERENO WORKSHOP 11-13 SEPTEMBER 2019

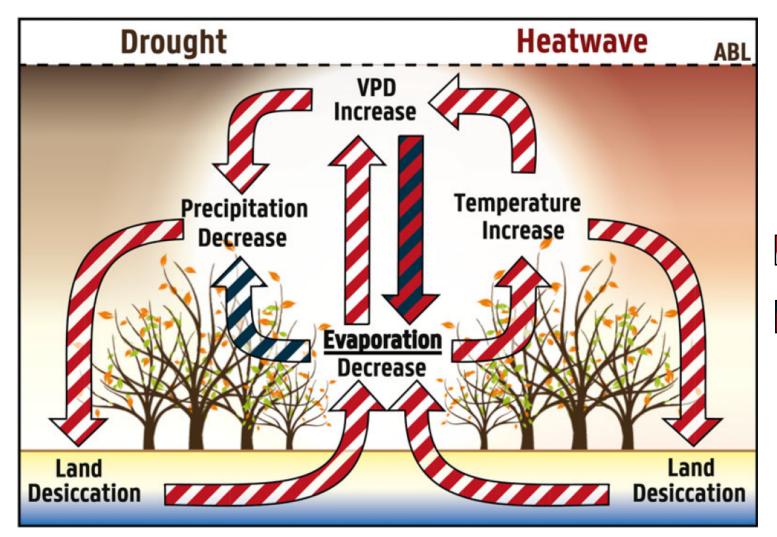








LAND SURFACE FEEDBACKS DURING DROUGHTS AND HEATWAVES



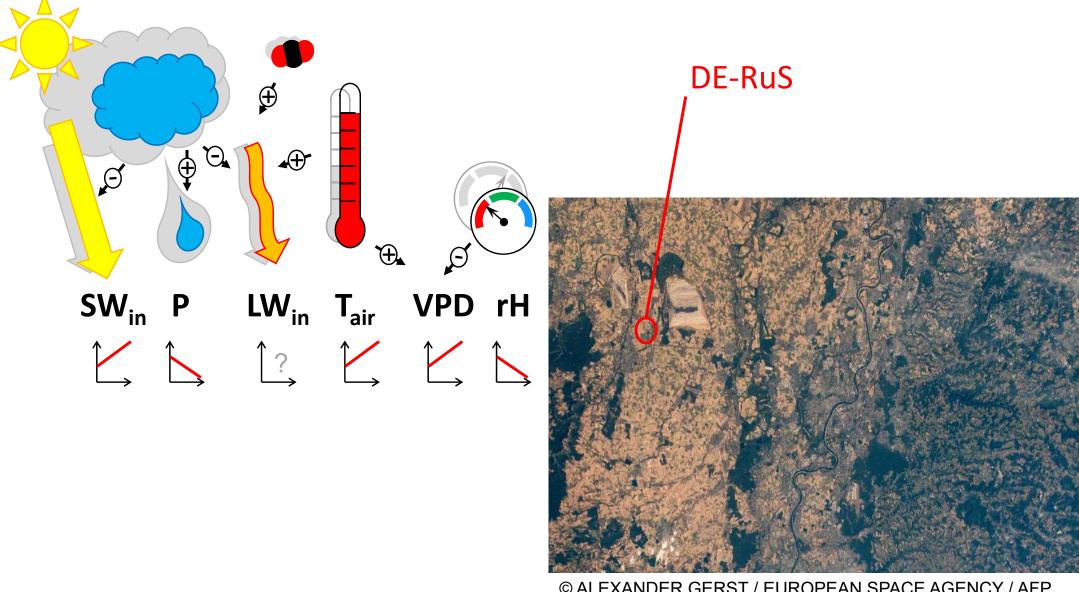




Miralles et al. (2019)



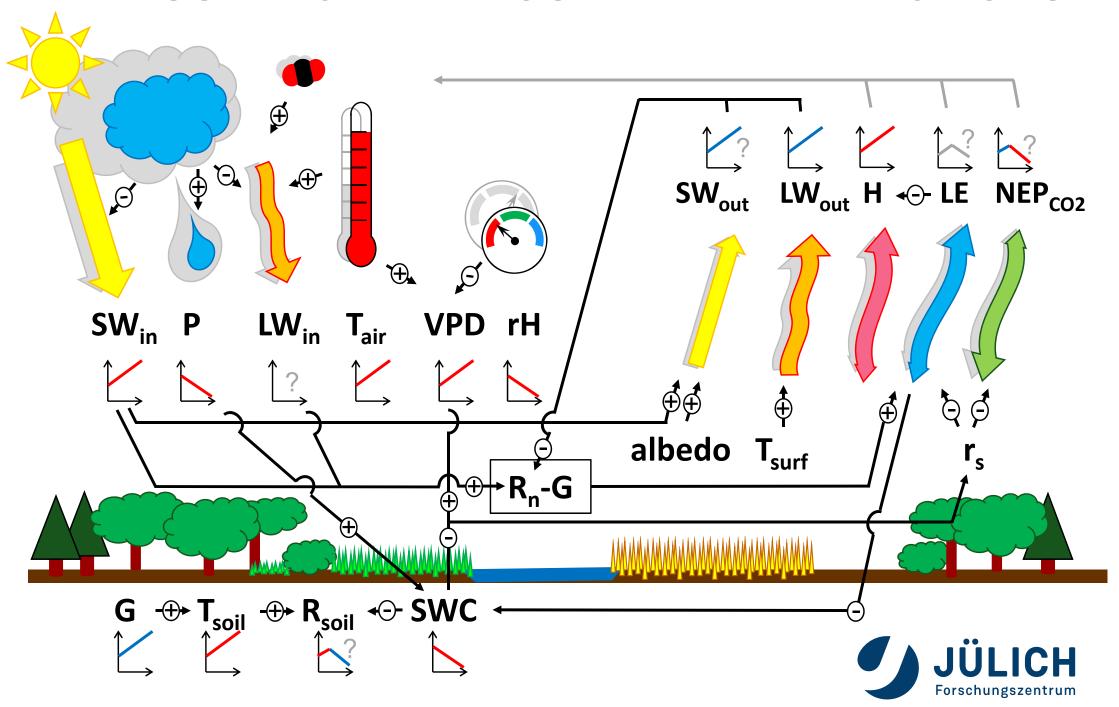
ATMOSPHERIC CONTROLS



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LAND SURFACE – ATMOSPHERE INTERACTIONS



EDDY COVARIANCE MEASUREMENTS

$$F_C = \overline{w'c'}$$

$$w' = w - \overline{w}$$

$$c' = c - \bar{c}$$

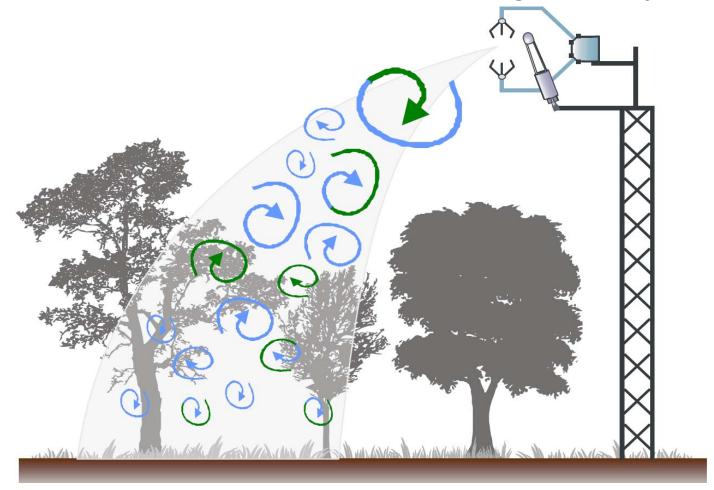
F_C =Turbulent flux ~ ETa

 $c = H_2O$ concentration

w = Vertical wind speed

Overbar denotes average & prime's the deviations from this average

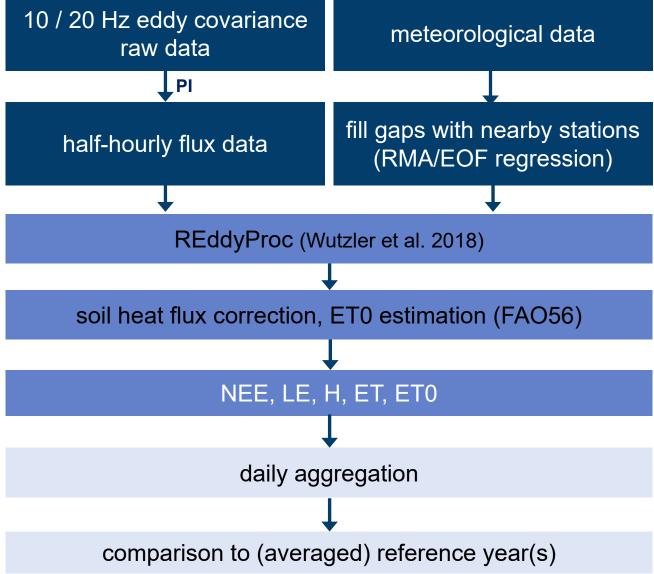
Sonic anemometer + gas analyser





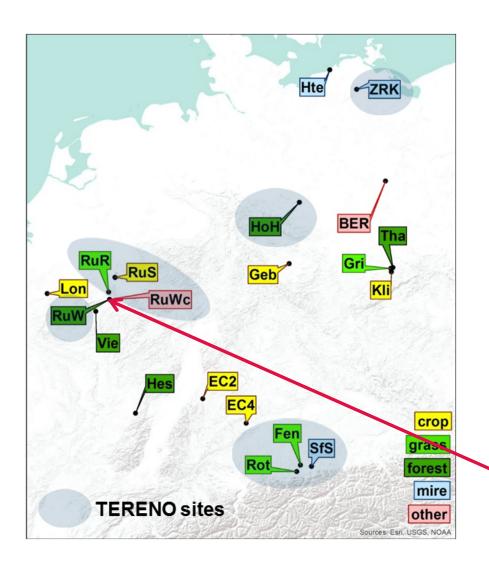
PROCESSING







INVESTIGATED SITES



- 20 EC sites with various landuse covers
- Net effect of the 2018 event at a site depends on the balance between the positive and negative effects on the fluxes
- ⇒ Feedback on global warming

TERENO test site Wüstebach

- RuW (forest)
- RuWc (clear cut)





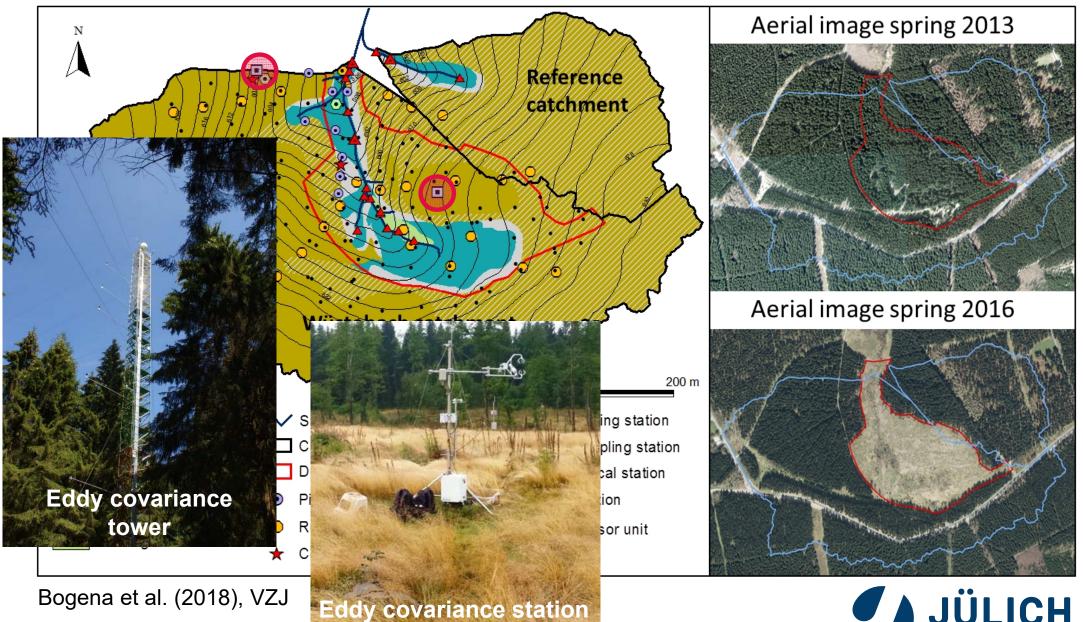




WÜSTEBACH TEST SITE



Forschungszentrum



Member of the Helmholtz Association

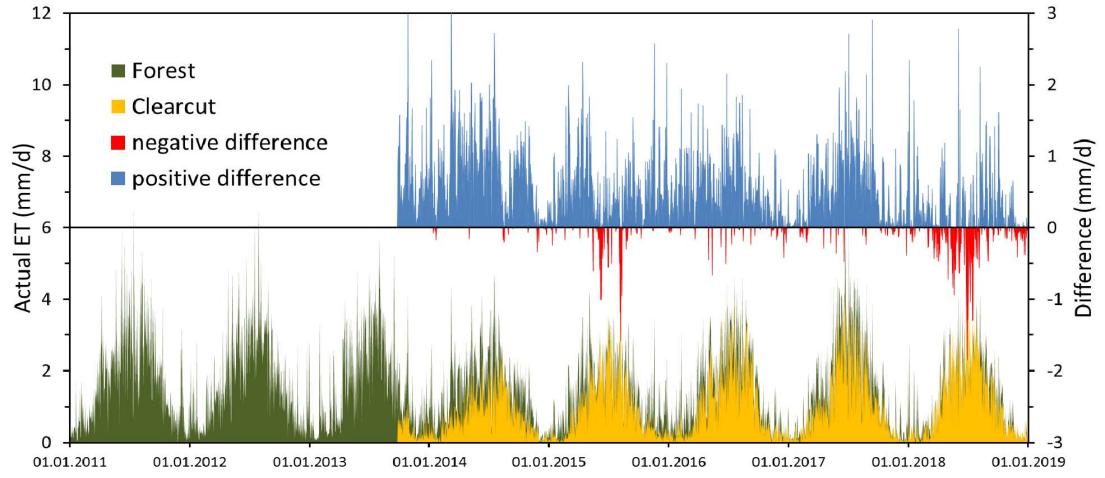




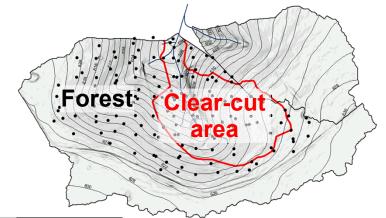
EVAPOTRANSPIRATION

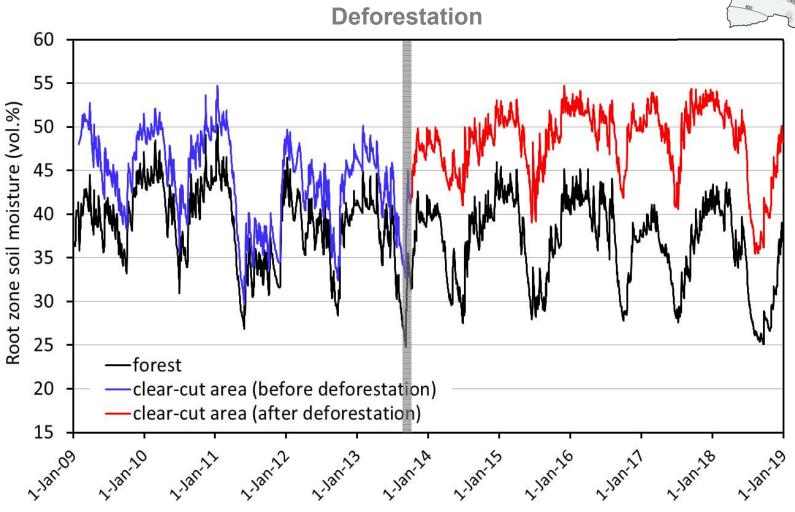
	Annual ETa (2014-2017)	Annual ETa 2018
Forest	602 mm	638 mm
Clear-cut	389 mm	455 mm





SOIL MOISTURE







Which event did have a larger impact on the local water balance?



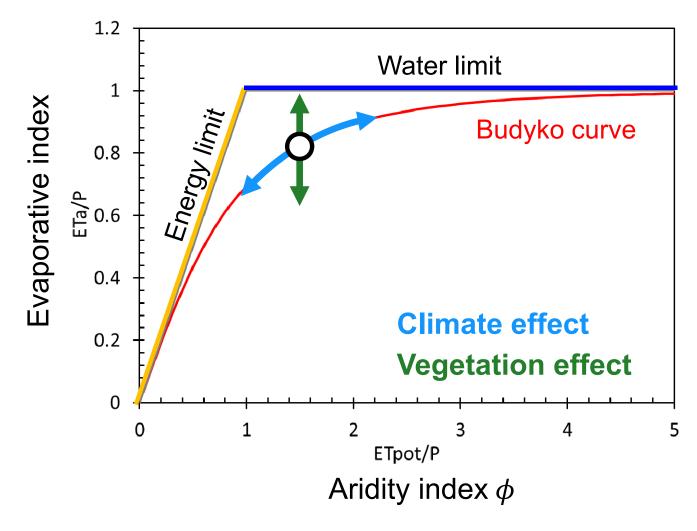


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THE BUDYKO FUNCTION

$$ETa = f(P, ETpot) \rightarrow ETa/P = f(\phi)$$

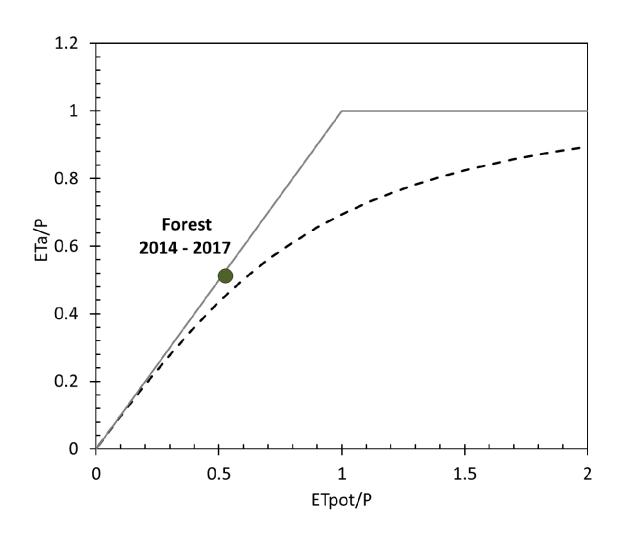


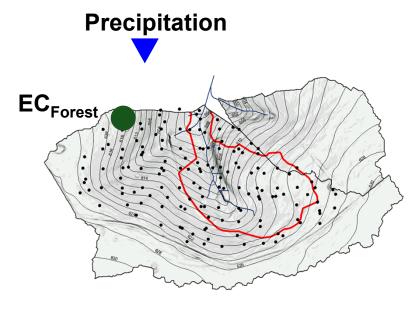


Mikhail Budyko Russian climatologist 1920 – 2001



BUDYKO PLOT WÜSTEBACH

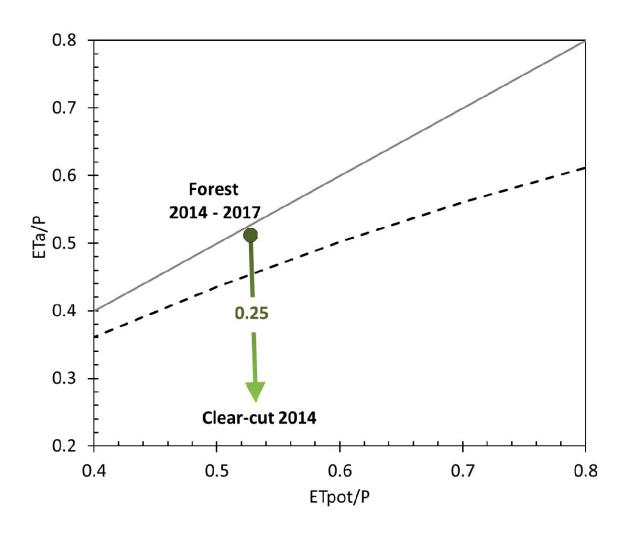


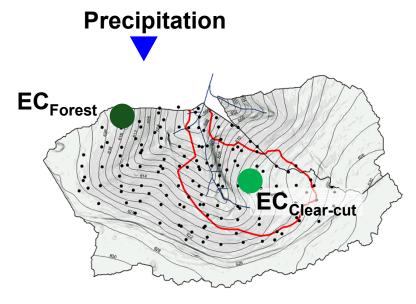


Wüstebach



CLEAR-CUT EFFECT

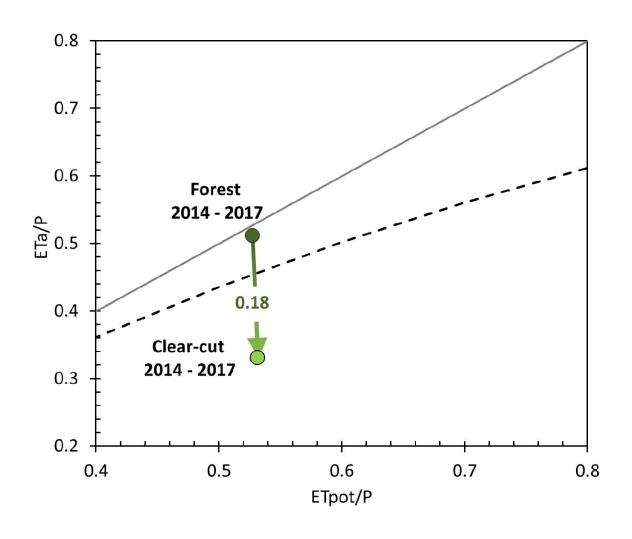


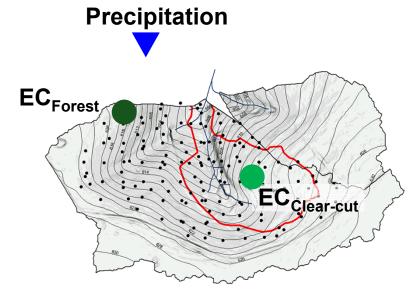


Wüstebach



CLEAR-CUT EFFECT

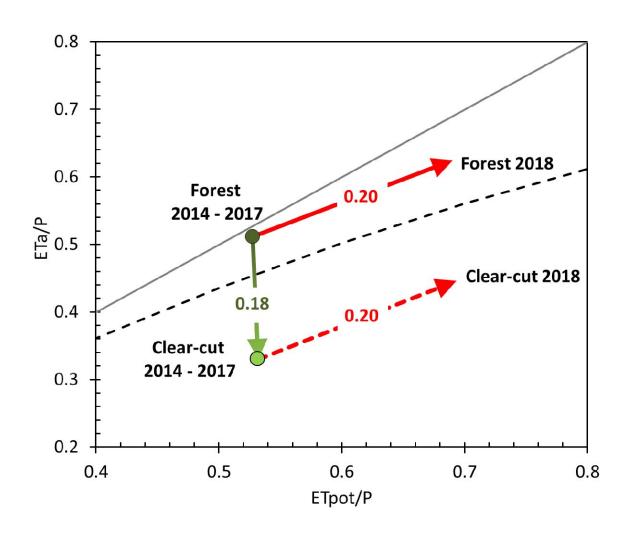


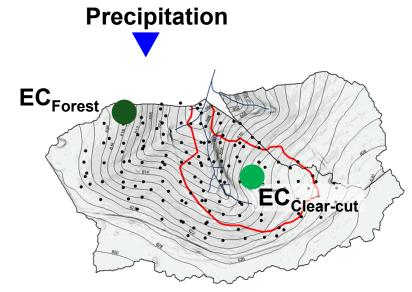


Wüstebach



DROUGHT EFFECT

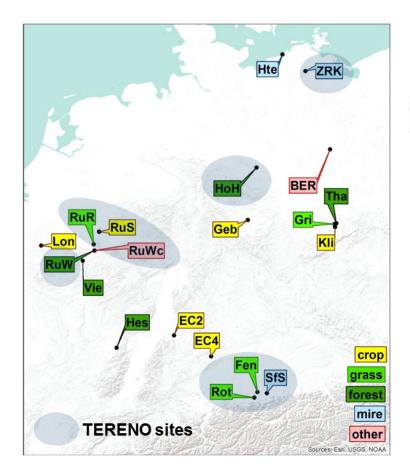


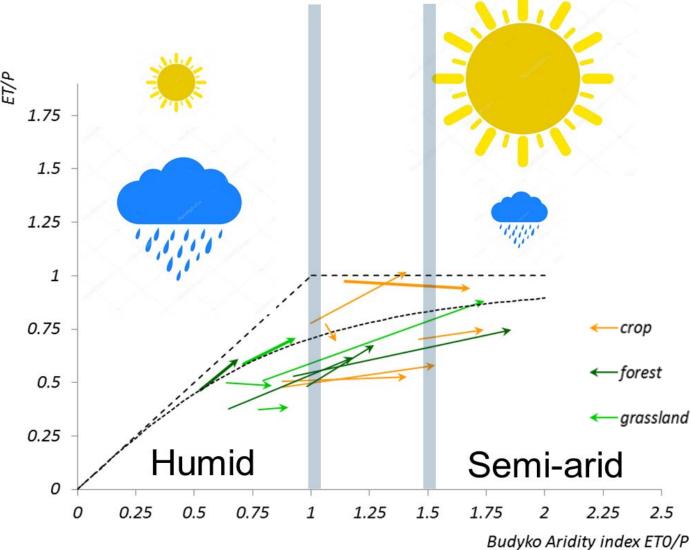


⇒ Deforestation and droughtrelated impacts on the local water balance were of similar magnitude



DROUGHT EFFECT IN CENTRAL EUROPE

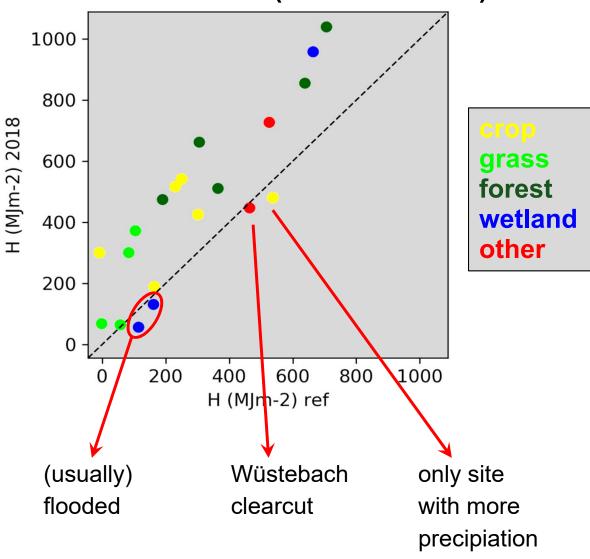




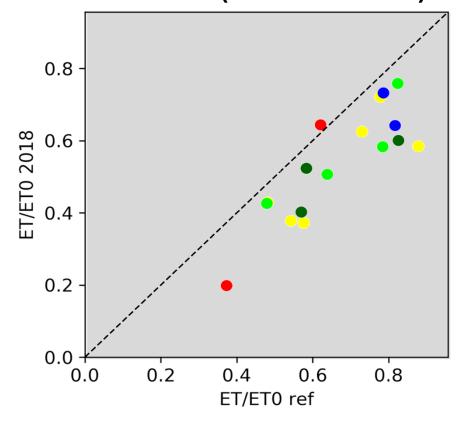


CHANGES IN ENERGY FLUX AND WATER USE

Sensible heat flux (median: +44%)



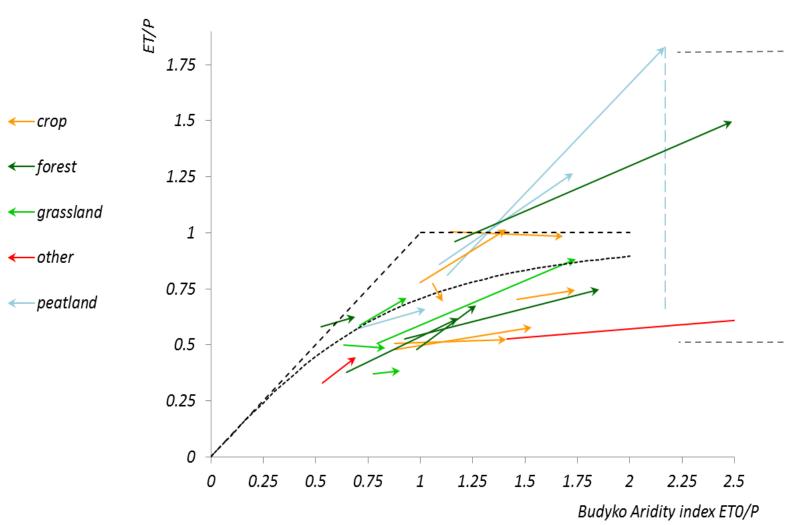
ET/ET0 (median: -18%)



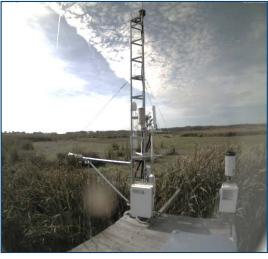
SWC reduced by ~20%



EFFECT OF WATER STORAGE



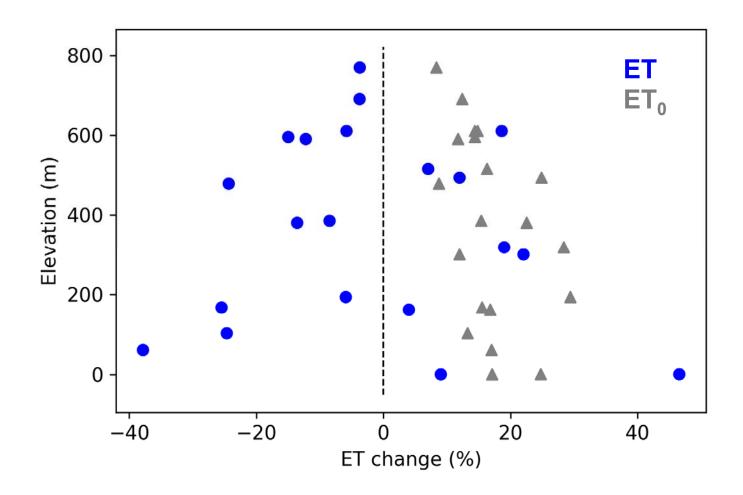




DE-Zrk (Zarnekow): 0.65 m WTD change

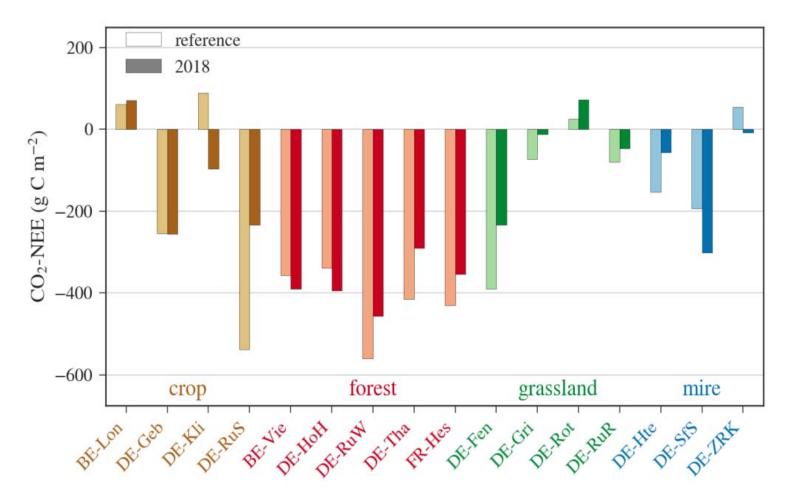


ELEVATION EFFECT





NET ECOSYSTEM EXCHANGE (NEE)



- ⇒ Most sites showed **less CO₂ uptake** (less growth, closed stomata, early harvests)
- ⇒ Net water use efficiency decreased by 19%



CONCLUSIONS

- Wüstebach: Deforestation and drought-related impacts on the local water balance were of similar magnitude
- All sites: In- and output of energy generally increased
- Weak ET signal, but: ET/ET0 strongly decreased, ET/P increased
- Net CO₂ uptake and water use efficiency decreased, but not everywhere
- No or positive effect on ET and/or CO₂ uptake:
 - Sites with large water storage
 - Sites at higher elevations
 - Sites with higher precipitation



OPEN QUESTIONS

- Uncertainty / significance from variance across reference years
- Other affected regions (Scandinavia, UK)
- Total warming feedback (radiative forcing from smaller CO2 uptake)
- Memory / carry over effects



